

## City of Norman, OK

Municipal Building Council Chambers 201 West Gray Norman, OK 73069

## Master

File Number: R-1718-23

 File ID:
 R-1718-23
 Type:
 Resolution
 Status:
 Consent Item

 Version:
 2
 Reference:
 Item 45
 In Control:
 City Council

 Department:
 Legal Department
 Cost:
 File Created:
 08/10/2017

 File Name:
 Indigenous Peoples' Day Resolution
 Final Action:

Title: RESOLUTION R-1718-23: COUNCIL OF A RESOLUTION OF THE THE CITY NORMAN, OKLAHOMA, DECLARING THE **SECOND MONDAY OCTOBER** AS IN INDIGENOUS PEOPLES' DAY IN THE CITY OF NORMAN: REAFFIRMING THE CITY'S COMMITMENT TO PROMOTE THE WELL-BEING AND GROWTH OF AMERICAN INDIAN AND INDIGENOUS COMMUNITIES; AND PROMOTING DIALOGUE AND COLLABORATIVE EFFORTS THROUGHOUT THE CITY OF NORMAN BETWEEN INDIGENOUS AND NON-INDIGENOUS COMMUNITIES AND TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS.

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		ACTION TAKEN:	
ate: 08/22/2017	Agenda Date:		
ber: 45	Agenda Number:		

Attachments: R-1718-23, HRC Minutes Apr 2017, Memo to City

Council 08-04-17

Project Manager: Kristina Bell, Assistant City Attorney

Entered by: kristina.bell@normanok.gov Effective Date:

Notes: ACTION NEEDED: Motion to adopt or reject Resolution R-1718-23.

## History of Legislative File

Ver- Acting Body:	Date: Action:	Sent To:	Due Date:	Return	Result:
sion:				Date:	

## Text of Legislative File R-1718-23

Body

**BACKGROUND**: The Social Justice Committee of the Norman First American United Methodist Church approached the Norman Human Rights Commission ("HRC") to seek its support in requesting that the City adopt a Resolution designating the second Monday in October as Indigenous Peoples' Day in the City of Norman. On April 24, 2017, the HRC voted unanimously to recommend that City Council adopt the proposed Resolution.

City Council discussed the Resolution at its August 8, 2017, Conference, and directed staff to prepare it for the August 22, 2017, Agenda.

<u>DISCUSSION</u>: Advocates have worked to establish an Indigenous Peoples' Day for decades. More cities have recognized Indigenous People's Day in the last few years. Berkeley, California, was the first major United States city to establish Indigenous Peoples' Day in 1992. Seattle, Washington, and Minneapolis, Minnesota, each adopted similar resolutions in 2014. The States of California and South Dakota also recognize

Indigenous Peoples' Day. Since 2015, other cities who have passed similar measures include Albuquerque, New Mexico; Lawrence, Kansas; Portland, Oregon; Saint Paul, Minnesota; Olympia, Washington; Alpena, Michigan; and both Carrboro and Chapel Hill, North Carolina. Bexar County, Texas, also recognizes Indigenous Peoples' Day.

In Oklahoma, Anadarko was the first city to recognize Indigenous Peoples' Day with a Mayoral Proclamation on September 28, 2015. On October 12, 2015, the University of Oklahoma Student Government Association adopted a Joint Resolution recognizing the second Monday of October as Indigenous Peoples' Day on campus. Oklahoma City University and Southeastern Oklahoma State University also recognize Indigenous Peoples' Day. Efforts to pass a similar resolution failed in Oklahoma City in both 2015 and 2016.

The Resolution would designate the second Monday in October each year as Indigenous Peoples' Day. It would not establish a formal City holiday or close City offices, nor will it address or affect the federal holiday of Columbus Day. Although recognized at the federal level, the City does not current recognized Columbus day as a City holiday.

**RECOMMENDATION**: The proposed Resolution was recommended by the Norman Human Rights Commission and reviewed by City Council at its August 8, 2017, Conference. The Resolution recognizing Indigenous People's Day, is being presented for formal City Council consideration at this time.